

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO
EASTERN DIVISION at COLUMBUS

In re) Case No. 17-55734
)
Penny Hagans) Chapter 13
)
+) Judge Charles M. Caldwell
Debtor(s)

CHAPTER 13 PLAN

1. NOTICES

This is the Mandatory Form Chapter 13 Plan adopted in this District. Local Bankruptcy Rule ("LBR") 3015-1. "Debtor" means either a single debtor or joint debtors as applicable. "Trustee" means Chapter 13 Trustee. Section "§" numbers refer to sections of Title 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. "Rule" refers to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

Unless otherwise checked below, the Debtor is eligible for a discharge under § 1328(f).

- ☐ Debtor _____ is **not eligible** for a discharge.
☐ Joint Debtor _____ is **not eligible** for a discharge.

☒ **Initial Plan**

☐ **Amended Plan** The filing of this Amended Plan shall supersede any previously filed Plan or Amended Plan and must be served on the Trustee, the United States trustee and all adversely affected parties. If the Amended Plan adversely affect any party, the Amended Plan shall be accompanied by the twenty-one (21) day notice. LBR 3015-2(a). Any changes (additions or deletions) from the previously filed Plan or Amended must be clearly reflected in bold, italics, strike-through or otherwise in the Amended Plan filed with the Court.

If an item is not checked, the provision will be ineffective if set out later in the Plan.

- ☐ **This Plan contains nonstandard provisions in Paragraph 13.**
☐ **This Plan limits the amount of a secured claim based on a valuation of the collateral securing the claim. See Paragraph(s) 5.1.2 and/or 5.1.4.**
☐ **This Plan avoids a security interest or lien. See Paragraph(s) 5.4.1 and/or 5.4.2.**

NOTICES TO CREDITORS: You should read this Plan carefully, including Paragraph 13 (Nonstandard Provisions). Upon confirmation, you will be bound by the terms of this Plan. Your claim may be reduced, modified, or eliminated. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, the confirmation hearing in this case shall include a valuation hearing under § 506 and Rule 3012. The Court may confirm this Plan if no objection to confirmation is filed within fourteen (14) days after the § 341 Meeting of Creditors is concluded or, if this is an Amended Plan, objections must be filed by the deadline in the twenty-one (21) day notice. LBR 3015-3 and 3015-2.

2. PLAN PAYMENT AND LENGTH

2.1 Plan Payment. The Debtor shall pay to the Trustee the amount of \$ 1855.00 per month. [Enter step payments below, if any.] The Debtor shall commence payments within thirty (30) days of the petition date.

2.1.1 Step Payments, if any: _____

2.2 Unsecured Percentage.

☒ **Percentage Plan.** Subject to Paragraph 2.3, this Plan will not complete earlier than the payment of 7 % on each allowed nonpriority unsecured claim.

☐ **Pot Plan.** Subject to Paragraph 2.3, the total amount to be paid by the Debtor to the Trustee is \$ _____. Assuming all claims are filed as scheduled or estimated by the Debtor, payment on each allowed nonpriority unsecured claim is estimated to be no less than _____%. LBR 3015-1(c)(2).

2.3 Means Test Determination.

☒ **Below Median Income.** Unless the allowed nonpriority unsecured claims are paid 100%, the projected length of the plan must be a minimum of thirty-six (36) months but not to exceed sixty (60) months.

☐ **Above Median Income.** Unless the allowed nonpriority unsecured claims are paid 100%, the projected length of the Plan must be sixty (60) months.

3. PRE-CONFIRMATION LEASE PAYMENTS AND/OR ADEQUATE PROTECTION PAYMENTS

Pre-confirmation personal property lease payments governed by § 1326(a)(1)(B) shall be made as part of the total plan payment to the Trustee. LBR 3070-1(a). Pre-confirmation adequate protection payments governed by § 1326(a)(1)(C) shall be made as part of the total plan payment to the Trustee. LBR 3070-1(b). The lessor/secured creditor must file a proof of claim to receive payment. LBR 3070-1(a) and (b).

	Name of Lessor/Secured Creditor	Property Description	Monthly Payment Amount	

4. VALUATION OF REAL PROPERTY

Unless otherwise stipulated by the parties or ordered by the Court, real property shall be valued at the amount set forth in the filed appraisal. If no objection is timely filed, the value of the real property set forth in the filed appraisal will be binding upon confirmation of the Plan. If a creditor files a timely objection to valuation of real property pursuant to LBR 3015-3(a), the confirmation hearing shall include a valuation hearing under § 506 and Rule 3012, unless otherwise ordered by the Court.

5. PAYMENTS TO CREDITORS

SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS BY CLASS

Class	Definition	Payment/Distribution by Trustee
Class 1	Claims with Designated Specific Monthly Payments	Paid first in the monthly payment amount designated in the Plan
Class 2	Secured Claims with No Designated Specific Monthly Payments and Domestic Support Obligations (Arrearages)	Paid second and pro rata with other Class 2 claims
Class 3	Priority Claims	Paid third and pro rata with other Class 3 claims
Class 4	Nonpriority Unsecured Claims	Paid fourth and pro rata with other Class 4 claims
Class 5	Claims Paid by a Non-Filing Co-Debtor or Third Party	Not applicable
Class 6	Claims Paid by the Debtor	Not applicable

Except as provided in Paragraph 3, the Trustee shall begin making distributions upon confirmation. To the extent funds are available, the maximum number of Classes may receive distributions concurrently. Notwithstanding the above, the Trustee is authorized within the Trustee's discretion to calculate the amount and timing of distributions as is administratively efficient.

5.1 CLASS 1 - CLAIMS WITH DESIGNATED SPECIFIC MONTHLY PAYMENTS

The following Class 1 claims shall be paid first in the monthly payment amount designated below. The plan payment is calculated in an amount that is sufficient for the Trustee to make a full monthly distribution on all Class 1 claims plus the statutory Trustee fee. If the Debtor makes a payment that is less than the full plan payment amount, the Trustee will make distributions on Class 1 claims in the order of priority set forth in the Bankruptcy Code.

5.1.1 Maintenance of Regular Mortgage Payments

Regular mortgage payments shall be calculated for payment starting the month after the filing of the petition. Arrearages shall be paid as Class 2 claims.

Trustee disburse.

	Name of Creditor	Property Address	Residence (Y/N)	Monthly Payment Amount	
	Deutsche Bank National Trust Company	438 Maple Dr. Columbus, OH 43228	Yes	\$400.00	
	Federal National Mortgage Assoc.	438 Maple Dr. Columbus, OH 43228	Yes	\$800.00	

Debtor direct pay. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, regular monthly mortgage payments may only be paid directly by the Debtor if the mortgage is current as of the petition date. LBR 3015-1(e)(1).

	Name of Creditor	Property Address	Residence (Y/N)	Monthly Payment Amount	

5.1.2 Modified Mortgages and/or Liens Secured by Real Property ["Cramdown/Real Property"]

The following claims are subject to modification as (1) claims secured by real property that is not the Debtor's principal residence, (2) claims secured by other assets in addition to the Debtor's principal residence, or (3) claims for which the last payment on the original payment schedule for a claim secured only by a security interest in real property that is the Debtor's principal residence is due before the date on which the final payment under the plan is due. 11 U.S.C. §§ 1322(b)(2), (c)(2). To the extent that a claim is in excess of the value of the property, the balance in excess of the value of the property shall be treated as a Class 4 nonpriority unsecured claim.

	Name of Creditor	Property Address	Value of Property and Appraisal	Interest Rate	Minimum Monthly Payment	
			\$ _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Appraisal Filed <input type="checkbox"/> Appraisal forthcoming			

5.1.3 Claims Secured by Personal Property for Which § 506 Valuation is Not Applicable
["910 Claims/Personal Property"]

The following claims are secured by a purchase money security interest in either (1) a motor vehicle acquired for the Debtor's personal use within 910 days of the petition date or (2) personal property acquired within one year of the petition date. The proof of claim amount will control, subject to the claims objection process.

	Name of Creditor	Property Description	Purchase Date	Estimated Claim Amount	Interest Rate	Minimum Monthly Payment Including Interest	

5.1.4 Claims Secured by Personal Property for Which § 506 Valuation is Applicable
["Cramdown/Personal Property"]

The following claims are secured by personal property not described above in Paragraph 5.1.3. Unless otherwise stipulated by the parties or ordered by the Court, the property shall be valued for purposes of § 506 at the lower of the creditor's representation on its proof of claim or the Debtor's representation below. LBR 3012-1(a). To the extent that a claim is in excess of the value of the property, the balance in excess of the value of the property shall be treated as a Class 4 nonpriority unsecured claim. If a creditor files a timely objection to the valuation of the property, the confirmation hearing shall include a valuation hearing under § 506 and Rule 3012 unless otherwise ordered by the Court.

	Name of Creditor	Property Description	Purchase/ Transaction Date	Value of Property	Interest Rate	Minimum Monthly Payment Including Interest	

5.1.5 Domestic Support Obligations (On-Going) - Priority Claims under § 507(a)(1)

If neither box is checked, then presumed to be none.

☐ **Trustee disburse**

☐ **Debtor direct pay**

The name of any holder of any domestic support obligation as defined in § 101(14A) shall be listed below. If the Debtor becomes subject to a domestic support obligation during the Plan term, the Debtor shall notify his or her attorney and the Trustee.

	Name of Holder	State Child Support Enforcement Agency, if any	Monthly Payment Amount	

5.1.6 Executory Contracts and/or Unexpired Leases

The Debtor rejects the following executory contracts and/or unexpired leases.

Notice to Creditor of Deadline to File Claim for Rejection Damages:

A proof of claim for rejection damages must be filed by the creditor within sixty (60) days from the date of confirmation of the Plan. Rule 3002(c)(4). Such claim shall be treated as a Class 4 nonpriority unsecured claim.

	Name of Creditor	Property Description	

The Debtor assumes the following executory contracts and/or unexpired leases. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, all motor vehicle lease payments shall be made by the Trustee. LBR 3015-1(d)(2). Any prepetition arrearage shall be cured in monthly payments prior to the expiration of the executory contract and/or unexpired lease. The Debtor may not incur debt to exercise an option to purchase without obtaining Trustee or Court approval. LBR 4001-3.

Trustee disburse.

	Name of Creditor	Property Description	Regular Number of Payments Remaining as of Petition Date	Monthly Contract/Lease Payment	Estimated Arrearage as of Petition Date	Contract/Lease Termination Date	

Debtor direct pay.

	Name of Creditor	Property Description	Regular Number of Payments Remaining as of Petition Date	Monthly Contract/Lease Payment	Estimated Arrearage as of Petition Date	Contract/Lease Termination Date	

5.1.7 Administrative Claims

The following claims are administrative claims. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, requests for additional attorney fees beyond those set forth below will be paid after the attorney fees set forth below and in the same monthly amount as set forth below. LBR 2016-1(b).

	Name of Claimant	Total Claim	Amount to be Disbursed by Trustee	Minimum Monthly Payment Amount	
	W. Mark Jump	\$3500.00	\$2205.00	\$500.00	

5.2 CLASS 2 - SECURED CLAIMS WITH NO DESIGNATED MONTHLY PAYMENTS AND DOMESTIC SUPPORT OBLIGATIONS (ARREARAGES)

5.2.1 Secured Claims with No Designated Monthly Payments

The following claims are secured claims with no designated monthly payments, including mortgage arrearages, certificates of judgment and tax liens. The proof of claim amount shall control, subject to the claims objection process. Class 2 claims shall be paid second and shall be paid pro rata with other Class 2 claims.

Name of Creditor	Estimated Amount of Claim	
Deutsche Bank National Trust Company	\$4800.00	
Federal National Mortgage Assoc.	\$9600.00	

5.2.2 Domestic Support Obligations (Arrearages) - Priority Claims under § 507(a)(1)

☐ Trustee disburse

☐ Debtor direct pay

The name of any holder of any domestic support obligation arrearage claim or claim assigned to or owed to a governmental unit and the estimated arrearage amount shall be listed below.

Name of Holder	State Child Support Enforcement Agency, if any	Estimated Arrearage	

5.3 CLASS 3 - PRIORITY CLAIMS

Unless otherwise provided for in § 1322(a), or the holder agrees to a different treatment, all priority claims under § 507(a) shall be paid in full in deferred cash payments. § 1322(a). Class 3 claims shall be paid third and shall be paid pro rata with other Class 3 claims.

5.4 CLASS 4 - NONPRIORITY UNSECURED CLAIMS

Allowed nonpriority unsecured claims shall be paid a dividend as provided in Paragraph 2.2. Class 4 claims shall be paid fourth and shall be paid pro rata with other nonpriority Class 4 claims.

5.4.1 Wholly Unsecured Mortgages/Liens

The following mortgages/liens are wholly unsecured and may be avoided. The Debtor shall file a motion for any mortgage/lien to be avoided. The motion shall be filed on or before the § 341 meeting of creditors and shall be served pursuant to Rule 7004. The confirmation hearing may be rescheduled if a timely motion is not filed. Optional form motions and orders are available on the Court's website at www.ohsb.uscourts.gov.

Name of Creditor	Amount of Wholly Unsecured Mortgage/Lien	Property Address	Value of Property and Appraisal	Total Amount of SENIOR Mortgage/Liens	
			\$ _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Appraisal Filed <input type="checkbox"/> Appraisal forthcoming		

5.4.2 Judicial Liens Impairing an Exemption in Real Property

The following judicial liens impair the Debtor's exemption in real property and may be avoided under § 522(f)(1) (A). The Debtor shall file a motion for any judicial lien to be avoided. The motion shall be filed on or before the § 341 meeting of creditors and shall be served pursuant to Rule 7004. The confirmation hearing may be rescheduled if a timely motion is not filed. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a judicial lien is discovered after confirmation of the plan, a motion to avoid the judicial lien may be filed promptly after the judicial lien is discovered. Optional form motions and orders are available on the Court's website at www.ohsb.uscourts.gov.

	Name of Creditor	Amount of Judicial Lien	Property Address	Value of Property and Appraisal	Amount of Exemption	Total Amount of all OTHER Liens	Amount of Judicial Lien to be Avoided	
				\$ _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Appraisal Filed <input type="checkbox"/> Appraisal forthcoming				

5.4.3 Mortgages to be Avoided Under 11 U.S.C. § 544

The following debts secured by a mortgage will be paid as unsecured claims concurrent with other Class 4 claims. The Debtor or the Trustee shall file an adversary proceeding to determine whether the mortgage may be avoided. To the extent that the Trustee has standing to bring such action, standing is hereby assigned to the Debtor, provided a colorable claim exists that would benefit the estate.

	Name of Creditor	Action to be Filed By	Address of Property	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Debtor <input type="checkbox"/> Trustee		

5.5 CLASS 5 - CLAIMS PAID BY A NON-FILING CO-DEBTOR OR THIRD PARTY

The following claims shall not be paid by the Trustee or the Debtor but shall be paid by a non-filing co-debtor or third party.

	Name of Creditor	Name of Payor	
	Ally	Steven Hagans	

5.6 CLASS 6 - CLAIMS PAID DIRECTLY BY THE DEBTOR

The following claims shall not be paid by the Trustee but shall be paid directly by the Debtor.

	Name of Creditor	Monthly Payment Amount	

6. SURRENDER OF PROPERTY

The Debtor elects to surrender the following property to the creditor that is collateral for the creditor's claim. Upon confirmation of the Plan, the stay under § 362(a) shall be terminated as to the surrendered property only.

	Name of Creditor	Description of Property	

7. INTEREST RATE

Unless otherwise stipulated by the parties, ordered by the Court or provided for in this Plan and except for claims treated in paragraph 5.1.1, secured claims shall be paid interest at the annual percentage rate of 5 % based upon a declining monthly balance on the amount of the allowed secured claim. Interest is included in the monthly payment amount. *See Till v. SCS Credit Corp. (In re Till)*, 541 U.S. 465 (2004).

☐ **This is a solvent estate.** Unless otherwise provided, all nonpriority unsecured claims shall be paid in full with interest at _____ % from the date of confirmation. If this box is not checked, the estate is presumed to be insolvent.

8. FEDERAL INCOME TAX RETURNS AND REFUNDS

8.1 Federal Income Tax Returns

If requested by the Trustee, the Debtor shall provide the Trustee with a copy of each federal income tax return filed during the Plan term by April 30 of each year.

8.2 Federal Income Tax Refunds

Notwithstanding single/joint tax filing status, the Debtor may annually retain the greater of (1) any earned income tax credit and/or additional child tax credit or (2) \$3,000 of any federal income tax refund for maintenance and support pursuant to § 1325(b)(2) and shall turnover any balance in excess of such amount to the Trustee. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, tax refunds turned over to the Trustee shall be distributed by the Trustee for the benefit of creditors. Any motion to retain a tax refund in excess of the amount set forth above shall be filed and served pursuant to LBR 9013-3(b).

9. OTHER DUTIES OF THE DEBTOR

9.1 Change of Address, Employment, Marital Status, or Child or Spousal Support Payments

The Debtor shall fully and timely disclose to the Trustee and file any appropriate notice, application or motion with the Court in the event of any change of the Debtor's address, employment, marital status, or child or spousal support payments.

9.2 Personal Injury, Workers Compensation, Buyout, Severance Package, Lottery Winning, Inheritance, or Any Other Amount

The Debtor shall keep the Trustee informed as to any claim for or expected receipt of money or property regarding personal injury, workers compensation, buyout, severance package, lottery winning, inheritance, or any other funds to which the Debtor may be entitled or becomes entitled to receive. Before the matter can be settled and any funds distributed, the Debtor shall comply with all requirements for filing applications and/or motions for settlement with the Court as may be required by the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules or the Local Bankruptcy Rules. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, these funds shall be distributed by the Trustee for the benefit of creditors.

9.3 Social Security

The Debtor shall keep the Trustee informed as to any claim for or expected receipt of social security funds.

10. INSURANCE

10.1 Insurance Information

As of the petition date, the Debtor's real and/or property is insured as follows.

	Property Address/Description	Insurance Company	Policy Number	Full/Liability	Agent Name/Contact Information	
	438 Maple Dr. Columbus, OH 43228	Grange		Full		
	2016 Jeep Renegade	Geico		Full		

10.2 Casualty Loss Insurance Proceeds (Substitution of Collateral)

If a motor vehicle is deemed to be a total loss while there is still an unpaid claim secured by the motor vehicle, the Debtor shall have the option to use the insurance proceeds to either (1) pay off the balance of the secured claim through the Trustee if the secured creditor is a named loss payee on the policy or (2) upon order of the Court, substitute the collateral by purchasing a replacement motor vehicle. If a replacement motor vehicle is purchased, the motor vehicle shall have a value of not less than the balance of the unpaid secured claim, the Debtor shall ensure that the lien of the creditor is transferred to the replacement motor vehicle, and the Trustee shall continue to pay the allowed secured claim. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, if any insurance proceeds remain after paying the secured creditor's claim, these funds shall be distributed by the Trustee for the benefit of creditors.

11. EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE PLAN

The effective date of the Plan is the date on which the order confirming the Plan is entered.

12. VESTING OF PROPERTY OF THE ESTATE

Unless checked below, property of the estate does not vest in the Debtor until the discharge is entered. The Debtor shall remain responsible for the preservation and protection of all property of the estate.

☐ Confirmation of the Plan vests all property of the estate in the Debtor in accordance with §§ 1327(b) and (c).

☐ Other _____

13. NONSTANDARD PROVISIONS

The nonstandard provisions listed below are restricted to those items applicable to the particular circumstances of the Debtor. Nonstandard provisions shall not contain a restatement of the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, the Local Bankruptcy Rules or the Mandatory Chapter 13 Form Plan. Any nonstandard provision placed elsewhere in this Plan is void and shall have no binding effect.

	Nonstandard Provisions	

By filing this Plan, the Debtor, if unrepresented by an attorney, or the Debtor's Attorney certifies that (1) the wording and order of provisions of this Plan are identical to those contained in the Mandatory Form Chapter 13 Plan adopted in this District and (2) this Plan contains no nonstandard provisions other than those set forth in Paragraph 13.

Debtor's Attorney

/s/ W. Mark Jump

Date: 09/18/17

Debtor

Joint Debtor

/s/ Penny Hagans

/s/ _____

Date: 09/07/17

Date: _____

☐ This Plan was filed with the petition or within seven (7) days thereafter. Accordingly, the Court will serve the Plan. See LBR 3015-1(b).

☒ This Plan was not filed with the petition or within seven (7) days thereafter. Accordingly, the Debtor will serve the Plan. See LBR 3015-1(b).

Certificate of Service

I hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing Plan was served (i) **electronically** on the date of filing through the court's ECF System on all ECF participants registered in this case at the email address registered with the Court and (ii) by **ordinary U.S. Mail** on Sep 21, 2017 addressed to:

Deutsche Bank National Trust Company undeliverable

Federal National Mortgage Association (Fanni)undeliverable

Synchrony Bank c/o PRA Receivables Management, LLCPO Box 41021Norfolk, VA 23541-1021

Ally P.O. Box 38091Minneapolis, MN 55438

Asst US Trustee (Col) Office of the US Trustee170 North High Street Suite 200Columbus, OH 43215-2417

Barclays Bank 125 S West StreetWilmington, DE 19801-5014

Care Credit PO Box 981439El Paso, TX 79998-1439

Deutsche Bank National Trust Company Attn: Legal Dept2000 Avenue of the StarsLos Angeles, CA 90067-47

Federal National Mortgage Assoc. International Plaza II14221 Dallas Parkway, Suite 1000Dallas, TX 75254-29

Jacqueline Wirtz 1555 Lake Shore Dr.Columbus, OH 43204-3825

Merrick Bank PO Box 5721Hicksville, NY 11802-5721

PRA Receivables Management, LLC PO Box 41021Norfolk, VA 23541-1021

Frank M Pees, 130 East Wilson Bridge Rd, Suite 200, Worthington, Ohio 43085

Steven Hagans 438 Maple Dr.Columbus, OH 43228-1113

Penny L Hagans 438 Maple Dr.Columbus, OH 43228-1113

Adam B. Hall, Manley Deas Kochalski LLC PO BOX 165028, Columbus, Ohio 43216-5028

D. Anthony Sottile, Sottile & Barile, Attorneys at Law, PO BOX 476, Loveland, Ohio 45140

/s/W. Mark Jump

(Name)

Information to identify the case:

Debtor 1	Penny L Hagans	Social Security number or ITIN	xxx-xx-6271
	First Name Middle Name Last Name	EIN	__-_____-
Debtor 2 (Spouse, if filing)		Social Security number or ITIN	_____
	First Name Middle Name Last Name	EIN	__-_____-
United States Bankruptcy Court	Southern District of Ohio	Date case filed for chapter	13 9/7/17
Case number:	2:17-bk-55734	Case Assigned To:	Charles M Caldwell

Official Form 309I

Notice of Chapter 13 Bankruptcy Case

12/15

For the debtors listed above, a case has been filed under chapter 13 of the Bankruptcy Code. An order for relief has been entered.

This notice has important information about the case for creditors, debtors, and trustees, including information about the meeting of creditors and deadlines. Read both pages carefully.

The filing of the case imposed an automatic stay against most collection activities. This means that creditors generally may not take action to collect debts from the debtors, the debtors' property, and certain codebtors. For example, while the stay is in effect, creditors cannot sue, garnish wages, assert a deficiency, repossess property, or otherwise try to collect from the debtors. Creditors cannot demand repayment from debtors by mail, phone, or otherwise. Creditors who violate the stay can be required to pay actual and punitive damages and attorney's fees. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although debtors can ask the court to extend or impose a stay.

Confirmation of a chapter 13 plan may result in a discharge. Creditors who assert that the debtors are not entitled to a discharge under 11 U.S.C. § 1328(f) must file a motion objecting to discharge in the bankruptcy clerk's office within the deadline specified in this notice. Creditors who want to have their debt excepted from discharge may be required to file a complaint in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the same deadline. (See line 13 below for more information.)

To protect your rights, consult an attorney. All documents filed in the case may be inspected at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed below or through PACER (Public Access to Court Electronic Records at www.pacer.gov).

The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice.

To help creditors correctly identify debtors, debtors submit full Social Security or Individual Taxpayer Identification Numbers, which may appear on a version of this notice. However, the full numbers must not appear on any document filed with the court.

Do not file this notice with any proof of claim or other filing in the case. Do not include more than the last four digits of a Social Security or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number in any document, including attachments, that you file with the court.

	About Debtor 1:	About Debtor 2:
1. Debtor's full name	Penny L Hagans	
2. All other names used in the last 8 years		
3. Address	438 Maple Dr. Columbus, OH 43228	
4. Debtor's attorney Name and address	W Mark Jump 2130 Arlington Avenue Columbus, OH 43221	Contact phone (614) 481-4480 Email: bankruptcycourt@iumplegal.com
5. Bankruptcy trustee Name and address	Frank M Pees 130 East Wilson Bridge Road Suite 200 Worthington, OH 43085	Contact phone (614) 436-6700 Email: trustee@ch13.org
6. Bankruptcy clerk's office Documents in this case may be filed at this address. You may inspect all records filed in this case at this office or online at www.pacer.gov .	170 North High Street Columbus, OH 43215-2414	Hours open 9:00 am – 4:00 pm Monday through Friday Contact phone (614)469-6638 Date: 9/12/17

For more information, see page 2

Debtor Penny L Hagans

Case number 2:17-bk-55734

7. Meeting of creditors

Debtors must attend the meeting to be questioned under oath. In a joint case, both spouses must attend. Creditors may attend, but are not required to do so.

October 18, 2017 at 10:30 AM**Location:****170 North High Street, Suite 100, Columbus, OH 43215**

The meeting may be continued or adjourned to a later date. If so, the date will be on the court docket. **No unauthorized cellular phones, cameras, recording devices, weapons, pagers or other portable electronic devices are permitted on the court's premises.**

8. Deadlines

The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive these documents and any required filing fee by the following deadlines.

Deadline to file a complaint to challenge dischargeability of certain debts:**Filing deadline: 12/18/17****You must file:**

- a motion if you assert that the debtors are not entitled to receive discharge under U.S.C. § 1328(f) or
- a complaint if you want to have a particular debt excepted from discharge under 11 U.S.C. § 523(a)(2) or (4).

Deadline for all creditors to file a proof of claim (except governmental units):**Filing deadline: 1/16/18**

A governmental unit must file 180 days after the date of the Order for Relief (except as otherwise provided in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3002(c)(1)).

Deadlines for filing proof of claim:

A proof of claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. If you would like to electronically complete and file a Proof of Claim form, you may do so at the following web site: <https://www.ohsb.uscourts.gov/epoc>

If you do not have access to a computer, or prefer to file the Proof of Claim manually, a Proof of Claim form can be obtained at www.ohsb.uscourts.gov or at any bankruptcy clerk's office.

If you do not file a proof of claim by the deadline, you might not be paid on your claim. To be paid, you must file a proof of claim even if your claim is listed in the schedules that the debtor filed.

Secured creditors retain rights in their collateral regardless of whether they file a proof of claim. Filing a proof of claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court, with consequences a lawyer can explain. For example, a secured creditor who files a proof of claim may surrender important nonmonetary rights, including the right to a jury trial.

Deadline to object to exemptions:

The law permits debtors to keep certain property as exempt. If you believe that the law does not authorize an exemption claimed, you may file an objection.

Filing deadline: 30 days after the conclusion of the meeting of creditors

Deadline to Object to Plan:

Objections to confirmation of a plan shall be in writing, filed and served on the debtor, the debtor's attorney, the trustee, and the United States trustee, and shall bear a certificate of service dated not later than fourteen (14) days after the § 341 meeting is concluded.

9. Filing of plan

The debtor has not filed a plan as of this date. You will be sent a copy of the plan once it has been filed. The hearing on confirmation will be held: **12/11/17 at 01:00 PM, Location: Courtroom B, U.S. Bankruptcy Court, 170 North High Street, Fifth Floor, Columbus, OH 43215**

10. Creditors with a foreign address

If you are a creditor receiving a notice mailed to a foreign address, you may file a motion asking the court to extend the deadline in this notice. Consult an attorney familiar with United States bankruptcy law if you have any questions about your rights in this case.

11. Filing a chapter 13 bankruptcy case

Chapter 13 allows an individual with regular income and debts below a specified amount to adjust debts according to a plan. A plan is not effective unless the court confirms it. You may object to confirmation of the plan and appear at the confirmation hearing. A copy or summary of the plan, if not enclosed, will be sent to you later, and if the confirmation hearing is not indicated on this notice, you will be sent notice of the confirmation hearing. The debtor will remain in possession of the property and may continue to operate the business, if any, unless the court orders otherwise.

12. Exempt property

The law allows debtors to keep certain property as exempt. Fully exempt property will not be sold and distributed to creditors, even if the case is converted to chapter 7. Debtors must file a list of property claimed as exempt. You may inspect that list at the bankruptcy clerk's office or online at www.pacer.gov. If you believe that the law does not authorize an exemption that debtors claimed, you may file an objection by the deadline.

13. Discharge of debts

Confirmation of a chapter 13 plan may result in a discharge of debts, which may include all or part of a debt. However, unless the court orders otherwise, the debts will not be discharged until all payments under the plan are made. A discharge means that creditors may never try to collect the debt from the debtors personally except as provided in the plan. If you want to have a particular debt excepted from discharge under 11 U.S.C. § 523(a)(2) or (4), you must file a complaint and pay the filing fee in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the deadline. If you believe that the debtors are not entitled to a discharge of any of their debts under 11 U.S.C. § 1328(f), you must file a motion by the deadline.

If you would like to receive all future notices from the Bankruptcy Court electronically (email), you may register for the courts free Electronic Bankruptcy Noticing (EBN) service. EBN is reliable, fast, and efficient. Additional details and registration are available at: EBN.uscourts.gov

**Amounts are subject to adjustment on 4/1/13 and every 3 years thereafter with respect to cases commenced on or after the date of adjustment.*

7. Documents: Attached are **redacted** copies of any documents that support the claim, such as promissory notes, purchase orders, invoices, itemized statements of running accounts, contracts, judgments, mortgages, and security agreements. If the claim is secured, box 4 has been completed, and **redacted** copies of documents providing evidence of perfection of a security interest are attached. (See instruction #7, and the definition of “**redacted**”.)

DO NOT SEND ORIGINAL DOCUMENTS. ATTACHED DOCUMENTS MAY BE DESTROYED AFTER SCANNING.

If the documents are not available, please explain:

8. Signature: (See instruction #8)

Check the appropriate box.

- ☐ I am the creditor. ☐ I am the creditor’s authorized agent. ☐ I am the trustee, or the debtor, or their authorized agent. ☐ I am a guarantor, surety, indorser, or other codebtor.
(Attach copy of power of attorney, if any.) (See Bankruptcy Rule 3005.)
(See Bankruptcy Rule 3004.)

I declare under penalty of perjury that the information provided in this claim is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and reasonable belief.

Print Name: _____

Title: _____

Company: _____

Address and telephone number (if different from notice address above): _____

(Signature)

(Date)

Telephone number: _____ email: _____

Penalty for presenting fraudulent claim: Fine of up to \$500,000 or imprisonment for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152 and 3571.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PROOF OF CLAIM FORM

The instructions and definitions below are general explanations of the law. In certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy cases not filed voluntarily by the debtor, exceptions to these general rules may apply.

Items to be completed in Proof of Claim form

Court, Name of Debtor, and Case Number:

Fill in the federal judicial district in which the bankruptcy case was filed (for example, Central District of California), the debtor’s full name, and the case number. If the creditor received a notice of the case from the bankruptcy court, all of this information is at the top of the notice.

Creditor’s Name and Address:

Fill in the name of the person or entity asserting a claim and the name and address of the person who should receive notices issued during the bankruptcy case. A separate space is provided for the payment address if it differs from the notice address. The creditor has a continuing obligation to keep the court informed of its current address. See Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure (FRBP) 2002(g).

1. Amount of Claim as of Date Case Filed:

State the total amount owed to the creditor on the date of the bankruptcy filing. Follow the instructions concerning whether to complete items 4 and 5. Check the box if interest or other charges are included in the claim.

2. Basis for Claim:

State the type of debt or how it was incurred. Examples include goods sold, money loaned, services performed, personal injury/wrongful death, car loan, mortgage note, and credit card. If the claim is based on delivering health care goods or services, limit the disclosure of the goods or services so as to avoid embarrassment or the disclosure of confidential health care information. You may be required to provide additional disclosure if an interested party objects to the claim.

3. Last Four Digits of Any Number by Which Creditor Identifies Debtor:

State only the last four digits of the debtor’s account or other number used by the creditor to identify the debtor.

3a. Debtor May Have Scheduled Account As:

Report a change in the creditor’s name, a transferred claim, or any other information that clarifies a difference between this proof of claim and the claim as scheduled by the debtor.

3b. Uniform Claim Identifier:

If you use a uniform claim identifier, you may report it here. A uniform claim identifier is an optional 24-character identifier that certain large creditors use to facilitate electronic payment in chapter 13 cases.

4. Secured Claim:

Check whether the claim is fully or partially secured. Skip this section if the claim is entirely unsecured. (See Definitions.) If the claim is secured, check the box for the nature and value of property that secures the claim, attach copies of lien documentation, and state, as of the date of the bankruptcy filing, the annual interest rate (and whether it is fixed or variable), and the amount past due on the claim.

5. Amount of Claim Entitled to Priority Under 11 U.S.C. § 507 (a).

If any portion of the claim falls into any category shown, check the appropriate box(es) and state the amount entitled to priority. (See Definitions.) A claim may be partly priority and partly non-priority. For example, in some of the categories, the law limits the amount entitled to priority.

6. Credits:

An authorized signature on this proof of claim serves as an acknowledgment that when calculating the amount of the claim, the creditor gave the debtor credit for any payments received toward the debt.

7. Documents:

Attach redacted copies of any documents that show the debt exists and a lien secures the debt. You must also attach copies of documents that evidence perfection of any security interest. You may also attach a summary in addition to the documents themselves. FRBP 3001(c) and (d). If the claim is based on delivering health care goods or services, limit disclosing confidential health care information. Do not send original documents, as attachments may be destroyed after scanning.

8. Date and Signature:

The individual completing this proof of claim must sign and date it. FRBP 9011. If the claim is filed electronically, FRBP 5005(a)(2) authorizes courts to establish local rules specifying what constitutes a signature. If you sign this form, you declare under penalty of perjury that the information provided is true and correct to the best of your knowledge, information, and reasonable belief. Your signature is also a certification that the claim meets the requirements of FRBP 9011(b). Whether the claim is filed electronically or in person, if your name is on the signature line, you are responsible for the declaration. Print the name and title, if any, of the creditor or other person authorized to file this claim. State the filer’s address and telephone number if it differs from the address given on the top of the form for purposes of receiving notices. If the claim is filed by an authorized agent, attach a complete copy of any power of attorney, and provide both the name of the individual filing the claim and the name of the agent. If the authorized agent is a servicer, identify the corporate servicer as the company. Criminal penalties apply for making a false statement on a proof of claim.

DEFINITIONS

INFORMATION

Debtor

A debtor is the person, corporation, or other entity that has filed a bankruptcy case.

Creditor

A creditor is a person, corporation, or other entity to whom debtor owes a debt that was incurred before the date of the bankruptcy filing. See 11 U.S.C. §101 (10).

Claim

A claim is the creditor's right to receive payment for a debt owed by the debtor on the date of the bankruptcy filing. See 11 U.S.C. §101 (5). A claim may be secured or unsecured.

Proof of Claim

A proof of claim is a form used by the creditor to indicate the amount of the debt owed by the debtor on the date of the bankruptcy filing. The creditor must file the form with the clerk of the same bankruptcy court in which the bankruptcy case was filed.

Secured Claim Under 11 U.S.C. § 506 (a)

A secured claim is one backed by a lien on property of the debtor. The claim is secured so long as the creditor has the right to be paid from the property prior to other creditors. The amount of the secured claim cannot exceed the value of the property. Any amount owed to the creditor in excess of the value of the property is an unsecured claim. Examples of liens on property include a mortgage on real estate or a security interest in a car. A lien may be voluntarily granted by a debtor or may be obtained through a court proceeding. In some states, a court judgment is a lien.

A claim also may be secured if the creditor owes the debtor money (has a right to setoff).

Unsecured Claim

An unsecured claim is one that does not meet the requirements of a secured claim. A claim may be partly unsecured if the amount of the claim exceeds the value of the property on which the creditor has a lien.

Claim Entitled to Priority Under 11 U.S.C. § 507 (a)

Priority claims are certain categories of unsecured claims that are paid from the available money or property in a bankruptcy case before other unsecured claims.

Redacted

A document has been redacted when the person filing it has masked, edited out, or otherwise deleted, certain information. A creditor must show only the last four digits of any social-security, individual's tax-identification, or financial-account number, only the initials of a minor's name, and only the year of any person's date of birth. If the claim is based on the delivery of health care goods or services, limit the disclosure of the goods or services so as to avoid embarrassment or the disclosure of confidential health care information.

Evidence of Perfection

Evidence of perfection may include a mortgage, lien, certificate of title, financing statement, or other document showing that the lien has been filed or recorded.

Acknowledgment of Filing of Claim

To receive acknowledgment of your filing, you may either enclose a stamped self-addressed envelope and a copy of this proof of claim or you may access the court's PACER system (www.pacer.psc.uscourts.gov) for a small fee to view your filed proof of claim.

Offers to Purchase a Claim

Certain entities are in the business of purchasing claims for an amount less than the face value of the claims. One or more of these entities may contact the creditor and offer to purchase the claim. Some of the written communications from these entities may easily be confused with official court documentation or communications from the debtor. These entities do not represent the bankruptcy court or the debtor. The creditor has no obligation to sell its claim. However, if the creditor decides to sell its claim, any transfer of such claim is subject to FRBP 3001(e), any applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. § 101 *et seq.*), and any applicable orders of the bankruptcy court.